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HOPKINS NURSERY

4 Miles North of Kirkland on the Bothell-Kirkland Highway

BOTHELL, WASHINGTON

Phone 66-2061



Climbing Roses...for cottage or mansion



RHODODENDRONS, WHICH GROW SO LUXURIANTLY ON OUR MOUNTAINS AND ALONG OUR COAST, ARE IDEAL SHRUBS FOR NORTHWEST GARDENS

RHODODENDRONS, Evergreen... Colorful

Superbly adapted to the growing conditions that prevail in Northwest gardens, Rhododendrons have become one of the most important of all shrubs for landscaping in this area. They are attractive the year around. In the spring the glorious trusses of bloom make a sumptuous display unique in the realm of hardy shrubs. After the blooms the new foliage lends a touch of color and interest to the garden. If you want to treat yourself to one of the finest sights a garden can provide plant Rhododendrons of several different colors, including yellow or purple, in a group. The effect can be breathtaking.

Alice. Rich brilliant pink with large conical trusses. One of the finest pinks, free flowering and with rich green foliage. 12 to 15 in. \$5.00; 18 to 24 in. \$7.50.

Cynthia. One of the most brilliantly colored Rhododendrons. The rosy carmine blooms are carried in large shapely trusses. 12 to 15 in. \$5.00; 18 to 24 in. \$7.50.

Eureka Maid. Deep rich pink blooms carried in large conical trusses. Excellent compact growth. 12 to 15 in. \$5.00; 18 to 24 in. \$7.50.

Michael Waterer. A vigorous and hardy old favorite with bright crimson blooms. 12 to 15 in. \$5.00; 18 to 24 in. \$7.50.

Betty Wormald. Large trusses of pink flowers showing a pale purple blotch on the upper petal. 12 to 15 in. \$6.00; 18 to 24 in. \$7.50.

Brittania. Bright crimson blooms in large clusters. 12 to 15 in. \$6.00; 18 to 24 in. \$8.50.

Goldsworth Yellow. Compact and rather low growing variety with an abundance of apricot colored blooms. 12 to 15 in. \$6.00; 18 to 24 in. \$8.50.

Pink Pearl. The most popular and widely known pink variety. Big light clear pink flowers on large conical trusses. Robust plant with excellent foliage. 12 to 15 in. \$5.00, 18 to 24 in. \$7.50.

Purple Splendor. Rich deep royal purple. The finest of this color in existence. 12 to 18 in. \$6.00; 18 to 24 in. \$8.50.

Lord Roberts. One of the finest dark reds. Medium sized trusses in abundance on compact plants. Good foliage. 12 to 15 in. \$5.00; 18 to 24 in. \$7.50.

Fabia. A compact vigorous grower with masses of bell shaped orange-apricot blooms. 12 to 15 in. \$6.00; 18 to 24 in. \$8.50.

Unknown Warrior. Fiery red blooms in good sized trusses on sturdy compact plants. Dark green elongated foliage. 12 to 15 in. \$6.00; 18 to 24 in. \$8.50.

PRICES ARE FOR BALLED PLANTS. Other varieties and sizes usually available at our nursery.

CARE AND PLANTING OF RHODODENDRONS AND AZALEAS

Rhododendrons and Azaleas are ideally suited to our Northwest climate.

Rhododendrons and Azaleas prefer an acid soil, well drained, loose and friable. A generous application of peat moss and leaf mold should be worked thoroughly into the soil. When the soil is very stiff and heavy it should be replaced with good top soil. Shot clay, sandy loam, or peaty soil are all suitable for this purpose.

To plant dig a hole considerably larger than the root ball. Fill in the bottom of the hole with a mixture of equal parts of loam and peat moss. Then place the plant in the hole so that the top of the root ball is not more than 1 inch below the level of the surrounding soil. Fill in the sides with the same mixture, firming it down well to avoid air pockets.

After planting soak the soil thoroughly.

Mulch the ground around the plants with an ample layer of peat, leaf mold, sawdust or other porous substance.

Rhododendrons and Azaleas require ample moisture. Water frequently during dry weather and during warm weather. An overhead sprinkling morning and evening will be beneficial.

The ideal site for Rhododendrons and Azaleas is one that provides some protection from the hottest sun and severe winds.

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AZALEAS

for
a Brilliant
Display of
Color
in the
Spring



AZALEA HINODEGIRI



AZALEA ROSAFLORA

Abundance of bloom, brilliancy of color and attractive habit of growth all combine to make Azaleas ideal shrubs for Northwest gardens. They revel in our acid soil and each spring burst forth in a blaze of color unrivaled by anything else in the garden. The lower growing evergreen kinds may be used for edgings or in broad masses, while the taller deciduous sorts are especially suited for interplanting with evergreen shrubs.

Ledifolia alba. Big fragrant white blooms on plants of graceful habit. Blooms in May. 10 to 12 in. spread \$2.00.

Hinodegiri. Compact plants with dense masses of brilliant red blooms in early spring. 10 to 12 in. spread \$2.00.

CAMELLIAS

Camellias are prized in Northwest gardens for their habit of blooming in late winter and early spring, and their glossy evergreen foliage which is attractive the year around. All have lovely blooms which find many uses in corsages and flower arrangements.

Prices for balled plants:

12 to 18 in. \$2.50; 18 to 24 in. \$4.50

Bella Romana. Large light double pink flowers profusely striped, splashed and penciled with crimson. Unique and much sought after.

Colonel Firey. Perhaps the finest red Camellia. The glowing crimson blooms, of flat and symmetrical form, are often 6 inches across.

Debutante. One of the finest new varieties with beautiful fully double ball shaped flowers of a delicate shade of pink. Ideal as a corsage flower.

Chandleri elegans. Largest and most popular peony-flowered Camellia. Broad blooms with a center of tightly curled petals. Color soft rose, often relieved with splashes of white.

Cheerful. Masses of rosy red blooms produced in great abundance.

Herme. Delightfully fragrant flowers 5 to 6 inches across. Semi-double, petals broad, large, light pink with an irregular border of white around each.

Elena Nobile. Medium sized double flame red flowers which show a few stamens in the center. A free flowering late variety of exceptional merit.

Grandiflora Rosea. One of the finest deep pink semi-double camellias. From salmon-

Rosaflora. Very low and compact. Densely studded with fully double salmon-pink blooms resembling miniature roses. 8 to 10 in. spread \$2.75.

Coral Bells. Dainty pink blooms on plants of compact yet graceful habit. The blossoms are semi-double or Hose-in-Hose type. 10 to 12 in. spread \$2.75.

Mollis. Perhaps the most popular of all. The blooms, in various shades of yellow, orange and pink, appear before the leaves. Be sure to find room for at least one group of these in your garden. 12 to 15 in. \$2.50.

Altclarensis. A vigorous grower with masses of bright orange-yellow blooms in May. 12 to 15 in. \$2.50.

rose to bright, deep pink. Very large with a column of stamens in the center. Vigorous, spreading bush with large shining deep green pointed foliage.

Mathotiana alba. Very large full double white flowers, sometimes tinged with pink.

Pink Perfection. Symmetrical double blooms of clear light pink. A very popular old variety.

Purity. Large snow white double blooms, often 6 inches across. Perhaps the most popular white.

Wakanoura Red. Large slightly cupped semi-double blooms of rich red color.

PLANTING AND CARE OF CAMELLIAS

Select a semi-shady position protected from the hot sun. A spot beneath trees where the plants get some morning sun and filtered sunlight the rest of the day is ideal. Complete shade the entire day should be avoided.

A loose, well-drained soil, containing $\frac{1}{3}$ garden loam, $\frac{1}{3}$ leaf mold (oak if possible) and $\frac{1}{3}$ thoroughly moistened peat moss is ideal. Where leaf mold is not available add more peat.

Dig a hole 12 to 18 inches wider and 3 to 4 inches deeper than the root ball. Fill in bottom with a good soil mixture and place the top of the root ball even with the ground level. Soak the plant well and also water top and bottom.

Apply acid fertilizer right after blooming and in August. Apply fertilizer to damp soil and water in well.

Camellias should never be cultivated over $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. Mulch to keep roots damp and cool.

Camellias love lots of water but the soil must be well drained. Sprinkle ground and leaves every night during the hot summer.

WE HAVE
SPECIMEN
PLANTS
OF
MANY FINE
CAMELLIAS
PLEASE
INQUIRE



CAMELLIA
CHANDLERI
ELEGANS



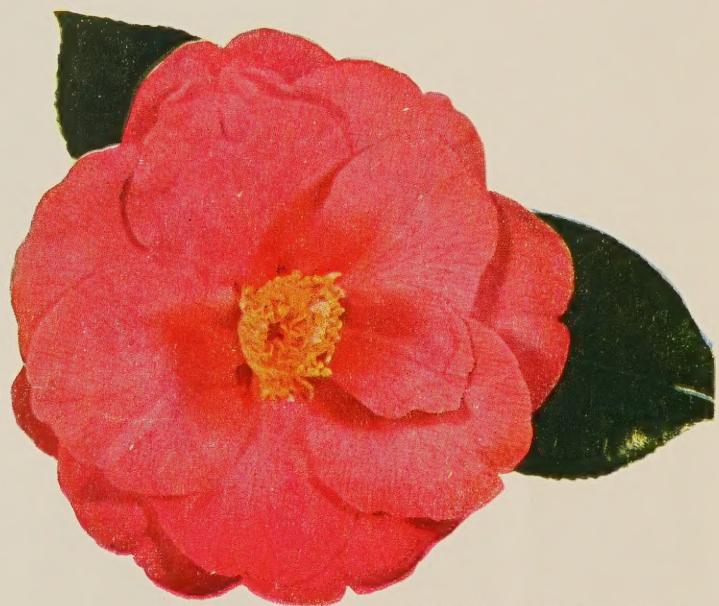
AZALEA MOLLIS



CAMELLIA
PINK PERFECTION



CAMELLIA
COLONEL FIREY



CAMELLIA GRANDIFLORA ROSEA



RHODODENDRON MICHAEL WATERER

EVERGREEN FLOWERING SHRUBS

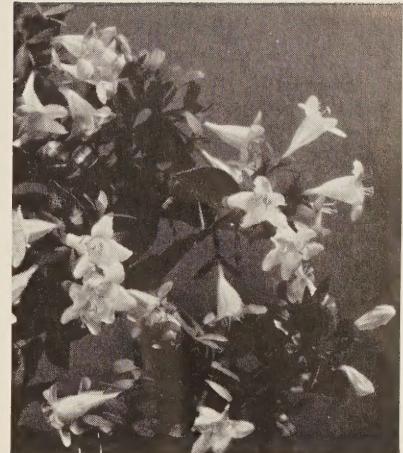
All prices are for balled plants.

Most of the shrubs used in planting about the house in the Pacific Northwest are found in this group. They are of year 'round good appearance. Most of them are desirable for their foliage alone and display interesting and often very showy flowers. Some are more useful for their foliage effect. They offer, as a group, subjects for all purposes: foundation plantings, screens, hedges and some are large enough for planting as small trees.

BERBERIS

Berberis darwini. A most handsome shrub with small holly-like leaves and clusters of rich orange blossoms. Dark purple berries in summer. Grows 6 to 8 feet. Easily kept lower by pruning. 15 to 18 in. \$2.25.

Berberis verruculosa. Low, compact rounded shrub with bright green glossy leaves. Pale yellow flowers in spring. A very tidy shrub that requires almost no pruning. 12 to 15 in. \$2.50.



ABELIA GRANDIFLORA

ABELIA

Glossy Abelia. *Abelia grandiflora.* Graceful evergreen shrub with arching branches, bronzy foliage and dainty fragrant white bells in summer and autumn. Sun or light shade. 18 to 24 in. \$2.50.

Edward Goucher. Pinkish lavender bells in summer. Excellent foliage, compact habit of growth. 18 to 24 in. \$3.50.

ANDROMEDA

Lily of the Valley Shrub. *Andromeda japonica.* Low evergreen bush to 4 feet high. The leaves are bronzy pink when young, turning to medium green as the leaves mature. Pendant clusters of white Lily-of-the-Valley-like flowers in early spring. 15 to 18 in. \$3.75.

GOLD DUST PLANT

Aucuba japonica variegata. **Gold Dust Plant.** An excellent shrub for shaded places. The large glossy pointed leaves are spotted or speckled with gold. Bright red berries in fall provided pollinator is planted nearby. Will grow in the deepest shade. 18 to 24 in. \$3.50.

Aucuba japonica, Green. Like the above but with entirely green leaves. Bright red berries in fall. Requires a pollinator. 18 to 24 in. \$3.50.

Pollenizer. Does not have berries but necessary to pollinate the above varieties. Attractive foliage.

COTONEASTER

Very useful group of shrubs with white flowers and pretty red berries that lend an attractive color note to the garden. Many have distinctive growing habits which adapt them nicely to rock gardens, bank planting or in front of other shrubs, but especially among rocks. The taller kinds make good all around ornamental shrubs.

Cotoneaster horizontalis. Flat spreading shrub with tiny glossy green leaves and bright red berries. Although this is a deciduous shrub the branches are almost covered with berries during the fall and winter. 12 to 15 in. spread \$2.00.

Cotoneaster Franchetti. Tall shrub with arching branches. Small pink flowers are followed by red tinged orange berries. 2 to 3 ft. \$3.50.

Cotoneaster Parneyi. Very showy variety with handsome red berries, largest of all, in immense clusters. Large glossy leaves. 2 to 3 ft. \$3.50.



PYRACANTHA (Firethorn)

DAPHNE

Daphne odora. Dense low shrub with rich green leaves, often margined cream, and clusters of exquisitely fragrant waxy white or pink flowers in late winter and early spring. At its best in lightly shaded situations. 15 to 18 in. \$3.50.

Daphne cneorum. **Garland Flower.** Very low shrub with fine leaves and numerous clusters of very fragrant bright pink flowers in early spring. One of the showiest and choicest of the smaller shrubs. Ideal for rock gardens. 6 to 9 in. spread \$2.25.



DAPHNE ODORA



CHOYSIA TERNATA
(Mexican Orange)

FIRETHORN

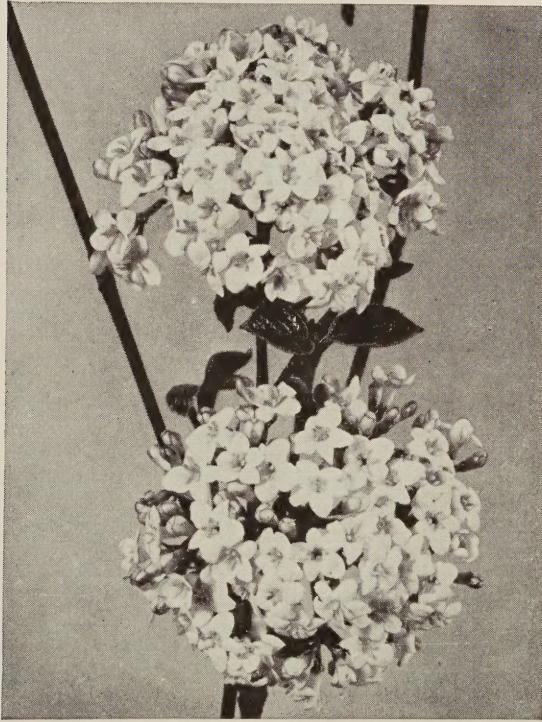
These are strong growing shrubs with erect or spreading branches and narrow dark green leaves and clusters of white flowers in spring. The real glory of these shrubs is the colorful abundance of berries in fall and winter.

Red Berried. Bright red berries and glossy green foliage. 2 to 3 ft. \$3.25.

Lalandi. Vigorous variety with pure orange-red berries in large profuse clusters. Fruits very early with the berries maturing in summer. 2 to 3 ft. \$3.25.



LAURESTINUS



VIBURNUM BURKWOODI

HEATHER

Heathers are among the most desirable of the low growing shrubs for Pacific Northwest Gardens. A proper selection will give you blooms almost the year around. The double forms of Scotch Heather bloom in the summer and are choice for cut flowers. The Irish Bell Heather also blooms in summer; both purple and white kinds are available. The various forms of *Erica vagans*, the Cornish Heath, produce their brilliant flowers in late summer and should not be overlooked. For winter and early spring blooms we recommend *Erica carnea* in one or more of the pink forms, planted in combination with Springwood White. We usually have a number of the better kinds on hand.

Erica Mediterranean Hybrid. Vigorous but compact fine leaved shrub with masses of pink flowers all through the winter and into spring. 6 to 8 in. 75c; 8 to 10 in. \$1.25.

KALMIA

Kalmia latifolia. Mountain Laurel. A shrub of moderate growing habit, which bears clusters of pink blooms like inverted umbrellas in mid-spring. The foliage is attractive the year around. Does best in light shade. An altogether choice and desirable shrub. 15 to 18 in. \$4.00.

LAURESTINUS

Viburnum Tinus, Laurestinus. A rounded shrub with deep green oval leaves and a great profusion of flat clusters of white flowers in early spring. The pink cast of the unopened buds lend another note of color. Metallic blue berries appear in the summer. 15 to 18 in. \$2.50.



HEATHER

*Invaluable
for
Winter Bloom*

SKIMMIA

*Grows in
Dense Shade*



MEXICAN ORANGE

Choisya ternata. Bright green three-parted foliage on neat rounded shrub of good proportions. Grows readily in sun or shade. Clusters of fragrant white flowers in spring. 15 to 18 in. \$2.50.

HEAVENLY BAMBOO

Nandina domestica. Not really a bamboo but the foliage does resemble a small Bamboo in many ways. Leaves light green tipped with pink and copper in early spring, becoming vivid red in autumn. Large showy clusters of bright crimson berries. 15 to 18 in. \$3.00.

PHOTINIA

Photinia Serrulata, Chinese Photinia. Large, broad toothed leaves which often assume pretty red or bronze tints, especially when young or during cold weather. Large flat clusters of white flowers in April and May followed by red berries. 18 to 24 in. \$3.50.

SKIMMIA

Skimmia japonica. Useful low shrub for shade with attractive foliage. White star shaped flowers followed by clusters of large bright red berries. Requires a pollinator. 12 to 15 in. \$3.00.

Skimmia japonica Pollenizer. 12 to 15 in. \$3.00.

VIBURNUM

Viburnum burkwoodi. The glory of this shrub is its clusters of pink and white fragrant flowers in earliest spring. Almost evergreen, although it will drop some of its foliage in cold weather. 18 to 24 in. \$3.50.



DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS

This group of shrubs contains many of the indispensable favorites such as Lilac, Forsythia (Golden Bells), and Spiraea. Every garden should contain at least a few of these popular beauties. They will contrast effectively with the evergreens and contribute their special touch of grace and beauty to a well planned garden.

Bare root plants 2 to 3 ft. \$1.50; 3 to 4 ft. \$2.00, except as otherwise noted. Plants in containers priced slightly higher.

ALMOND FLOWERING ALMOND

Flowering Almond (Prunus glandulosa). A vigorous growing beautiful shrub completely covered with double blossoms in May. Available in **Pink** and **White**. **Azalea mollis**—See Azaleas.

BEAUTY BUSH

Kolkwitzia amabilis. A graceful shrub with fine foliage and masses of pink flowers on the slender arching branches.

BARBERRY

Red Leaf Barberry (Berberis thunbergii atropurpurea). Rich lustrous bronzy-red foliage and brilliant red berries. Dense bushy shrub best in full sun. Balled plants \$2.50.

BUDDLEIA

Butterfly Bush. Long spikes of fragrant flowers on arching branches. A fast growing shrub that will quickly form a screen. It is usually desirable to cut this shrub back severely in the winter. Available in **Pink** and **Wine Red**.



FORSYTHIA

Spectabilis. Masses of golden bells appear all along the branches in earliest spring. One of the most popular flowering shrubs.

Spring Glory. A spectacular new Forsythia which bears masses of much larger blooms than older varieties. Brilliant large yellow florets completely cover the branches.

HYDRANGEA

Otaksa (Hortensis). Forms a rounded shrub 3 to 5 feet high covered in early summer with large trusses of pink or blue flowers. Blue results from keeping soil acid by application of alum or iron sulfate. 12 to 15 in. \$1.50.

Pee Gee (Paniculata grandiflora). A vigorous shrub which bears its huge panicles of light blooms in August and September. 2 to 3 ft. \$2.00 each.

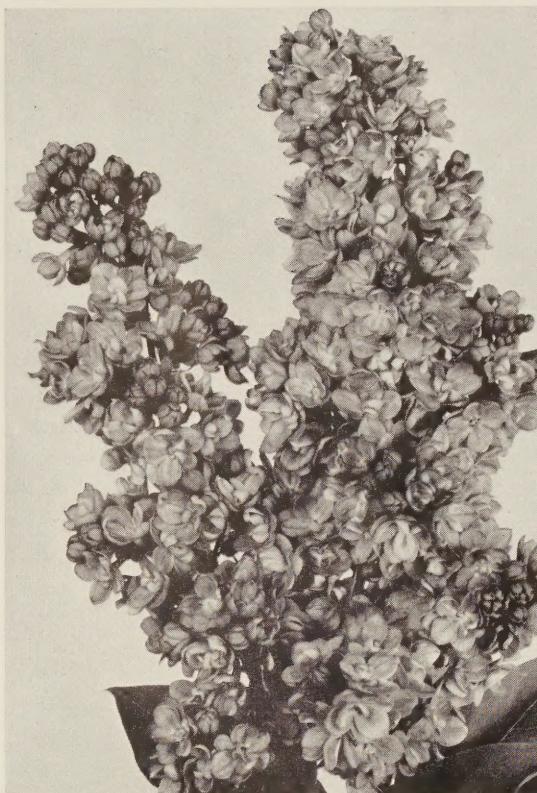
Oak Leaf (H. quercifolia). Bold, handsome foliage, similar in shape to oak leaves and large trusses of creamy-white flowers which remain on the plants until September. The foliage turns a bright crimson-scarlet in the fall. 18 to 24 in. \$2.50.

LILACS

We stock the French Hybrid Lilacs in a number of fine varieties including all the popular colors. 18 to 24 in. \$2.50.

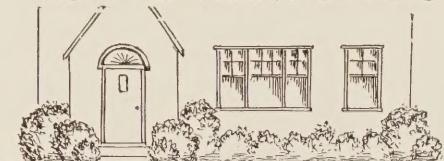
MOCK ORANGE

Virginale. Upright shrub with large white fragrant blooms in late spring and early summer.

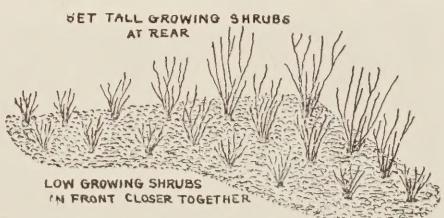


DOUBLE FLOWERING LILAC

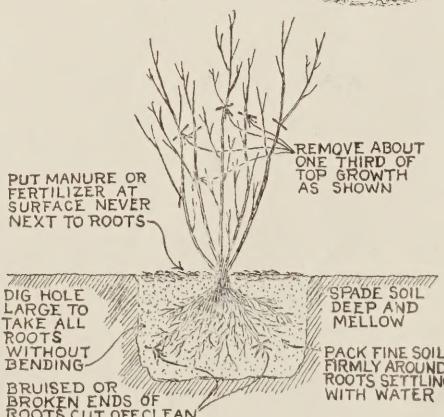
HOW TO PLANT SHRUBS



GROUP TALL GROWING SHRUBS AT ENTRANCES AND CORNERS
DWARF VARIETIES IN FRONT AND UNDER WINDOWS

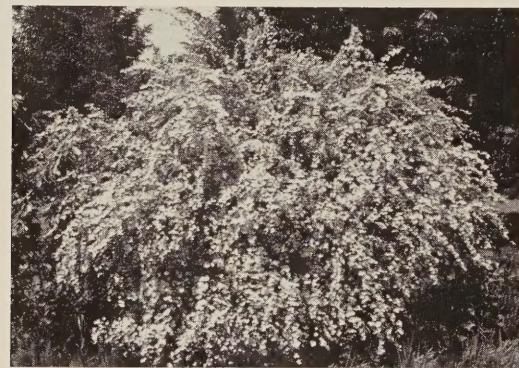


SET TALL GROWING SHRUBS
AT REAR

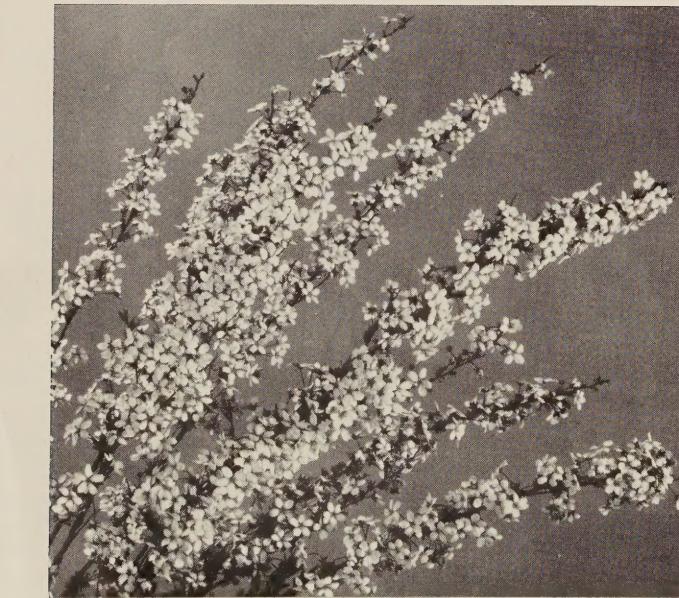




KOLKWITZIA



SPIRAEA VAN HOUTTEI



SPIRAEA THUNBERGI

DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS—Continued

FLOWERING QUINCE

A low to medium height shrub with interesting branching habit and masses of blooms on the otherwise bare stems in late winter and early spring. Excellent in flower arrangements.

Named Hybrids. 2 to 3 ft. \$2.50.

SNOWBALL

Common Snowball. A famous old favorite with multitudes of round heads of pure white bloom in spring.

Viburnum Carlesi. Round heads of fragrant light pink flowers in early spring. An especially choice shrub that should be in every garden. Grows 3 to 4 feet high. 12 to 15 in. \$3.00.

Viburnum tomentosum. Sweeping horizontal branches wreathed in spring with flat clusters of snowy white flowers followed by clusters of red berries. Attractive neat foliage. A singularly decorative shrub. 18 to 24 in. \$2.00.

SPIRAEA

Anthony Waterer. Low growing, rather dense bushes sprinkled all summer long with flat heads of deep rose blooms.

Thunbergi. A dainty, graceful shrub with slender arching branches which are covered in spring with tiny white flowers. Bright green feathery foliage.

Van Houttei. A robust favorite with arching branches literally loaded with heads of white flowers in spring. Excellent where an informal flowering hedge is desired.

Prunifolia. A rather slender shrub with showy masses of white flowers in spring.

TAMARIX

Hispida. Foamy masses of soft lavender-pink flowers in mid-summer. Feathery gray foliage. May be cut to the ground each winter if desired.

Africana. Grows to about 10 ft. The masses of feathery pink bloom are very attractive in the spring.

WEIGELA

Eva Rathke. Deep green foliage and masses of ruby red trumpet shaped flowers in spring and early summer. 15 to 18 in. \$1.50.

Weigela rosea. Taller growing with masses of light pink flowers in spring and early summer.

Alba. The delightful white flowered form.



PHILADELPHUS (Mock Orange)



TAMARIX

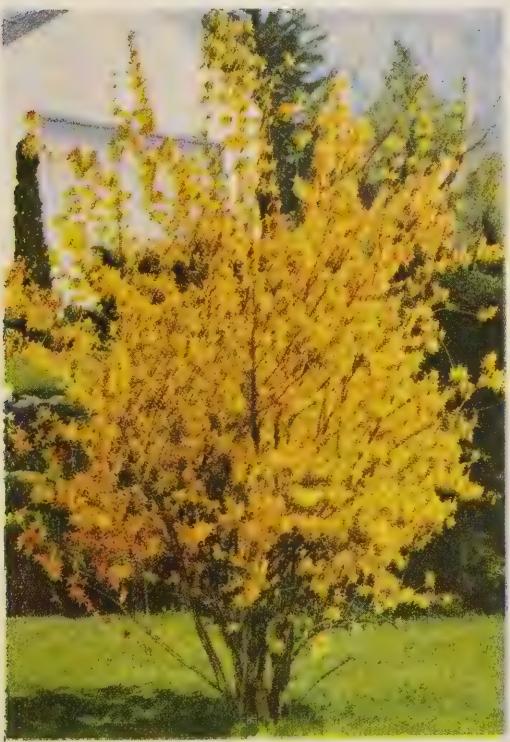


LILACS



COTONEASTER PARNEYI

*Flowering
Shrubs
from
Spring
through
Summer*



FORSYTHIA



SNOWBALL



FLOWERING QUINCE



WEIGELA

Modern ROSES for Modern

PATENTED BUSH ROSES

RED

Charles Mallerin (Pat. 933). A big velvety black-red rose that keeps its color. The 30 to 40 petaled fragrant high-centered blooms are borne on a tall vigorous bush. \$2.50 each.

Charlotte Armstrong (Pat. 455).  Beautiful, long, pointed buds of clear cerise-pink, opening to neatly tailored flowers. Petals margined with a thin silvery line. Vigorous mildew-resistant foliage, vigorous and free branching. \$2.00 each.

Chrysler Imperial (P.A.F.). All America 1952. Vivid rich tones of crimson are enhanced by darker overtones of glowing oxblood red. Long tapering buds, opening to large high centered flowers, borne on sturdy medium long stems. Abundant dark green semi-glossy foliage. "America's first truly red rose". Each \$3.00, 3 or more \$2.65 each.

Crimson Glory (Pat. 105). This famous deep crimson rose has richness of fragrance and beauty of contour in addition to beautiful coloring. The velvety blooms are produced in abundance and grow to great size in the fall. \$1.75 each.

Nocturne (Pat. 713).  Deep cardinal red buds of exquisite shape open to form large richly textured flowers. Pleasingly fragrant. Buds in abundance for cutting. \$1.75 each.

San Fernando (Pat. 785). Long pointed buds, well formed and richly colored open to fragrant glowing red flowers. When open the blooms assume a brilliant scarlet color. Luxuriant foliage. \$1.75 each.

PINK

Show Girl (Pat. 646). Perfect phlox pink buds on long stems for cutting. Flowers open rose-pink and are very lovely in both form and color. Fragrant. Excellent foliage. \$1.75 each.

Helen Traubel (Pat. 1028). A truly outstanding new rose—a star in its own right just as the famous opera star in whose honor it is named. The color varies with the weather from a light, sparkling pink to a luminous apricot. The magnificent buds are unusually large and long and open to a lavish display of vivid colors. The large plants are so vigorous that they are nearly always covered with buds and blooms. A rose that for a long time to come will be counted among the best ever introduced. \$2.75 each.



Katherine T. Marshall (Pat. 607).  Warm glowing pink blooms with a delicious fruity fragrance and perfect form. Buds long pointed with heavy petals opening to very large flowers. An extremely vigorous grower with long, strong stems. An exquisite pink rose. \$1.75 each.

YELLOW

Eclipse (Pat. 172). Popularized and well known as the "Streamlined Rose" for the long tapering yellow buds enhanced by the narrow green calyx and truly streamlined. Rich golden yellow without shading. \$1.75 each.



Sutter's Gold (Pat. 885). The only rose to win both the Bagatelle Gold Medal and the All-America Award for 1950. Beautiful golden buds overlaid with orange and red open to spectacular flowers with more fragrance than any other yellow rose. \$2.25 each.



Lowell Thomas (Pat. 595). Very double high centered flowers in a lasting canary yellow. Large, long-pointed buds. Vigorous compact bush—upright habit and leathery foliage. One of the top ten All-America roses for 1951. \$2.00 each.



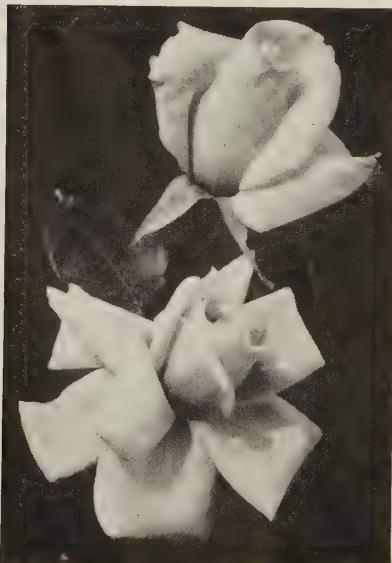
Peace (Pat. 591). All-America Selection 1946. Large, fully double flowers opening from well shaped buds. Often a clear pleasing yellow, sometimes only yellow at the base, fading to a lighter tint and a delicate pink where the petals turn over. \$2.50 each.



CHRISTOPHER STONE



TALISMAN



McGREDY'S IVORY



SATURNIA (Pat. 349)



FORTY-NINER (Pat. 792)

Gardens . . .

MULTICOLOR



Forty-niner (Pat. 792). Brightly colored with contrasting vivid red petals with yellow on outside. Pleasing fragrance. Long pointed buds. \$2.00 each.

Mark Sullivan (Pat. 599). Golden yellow, heavily veined and shaded with deep rose pink. \$1.50 each.

Mme. Henri Guillot (Pat. 337). A distinctive and sensational variety. Beautifully formed buds, reddish orange with undertone of gold, opening to rich, deep pink flowers of camellia-like form. \$1.75 each.

Saturnia (Pat. 349). Petals cardinal red; salmon, yellow and copper reverse. \$1.75 each.

Taffeta (Pat. 716). An ever-changing display of beautiful colors. The shapely fragrant buds are rich pink and salmon, opening to semi-double blooms of begonia rose. Petals yellow on the underside. Growth and foliage excellent. \$1.75 each.

WHITE

Rex Anderson (Pat. 335). Lemon tinted white buds open to perfect ivory white blooms with a mild intriguing fragrance. Will produce huge blooms when disbudded. \$1.75 each.

ORANGE

Fred Edmunds (Pat. 731). A most unusual and outstanding color—burnt orange blended with rose, gold and salmon shades. \$1.75 each.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR
A VARIETY NOT LISTED IN
IN THIS CATALOG
ASK US
WE MAY BE ABLE TO
SUPPLY IT

POPULAR NON-PATENTED BUSH ROSES

\$1.25 each; 12 for \$11.00, except as noted.

Autumn. Burnt orange, streaked red, underlaid with yellow. Fragrant.

Christopher Stone. Large, formal, double rose of glowing crimson-scarlet, with deeper shadings. Long lasting and fragrant. Does not fade. Truly beautiful, even when fully open.

Dainty Bess. Broad single petals of soft rose-pink; darker stamens.

Countess Vandal. Slender salmon pink buds, shaded copper and gold open to bright pink. A dependable favorite.

Duquesa de Penaranda. Orange-apricot underlaid with rich coppery tones give this large fragrant rose unusually distinct and pleasing coloring.

Ena Harkness. A new rose from England that is rapidly gaining favor. Large long-pointed buds open to fragrant high centered scarlet-crimson blooms that last and last. \$1.75 each.



CLIMBING ROSE IMPROVED PAUL'S SCARLET (BLAZE)

CLIMBING ROSES

\$1.50 each, except as noted.

Improved Paul's Scarlet (Blaze). Semi-double blossoms of vivid scarlet are borne in clusters of 5 to 20 and envelop the vine in a wealth of brilliant color in spring.

Cl. Mrs. Sam McGredy (Pat. 394). Free flowering copper-orange climber. Flowers same as in the bush type; buds long pointed and borne on long stems. Luxuriant bronzy green foliage. \$1.75 each.

Cl. McGredy's Ivory. A favorite white rose. Lovely in the climbing form.

Cl. Picture (Pat. 524). Perfect buds and flowers just as in the bush variety. Clear rose-pink with tones of warm salmon showing through. A climber of merit. \$1.75 each.

Cl. President Herbert Hoover. One of the best multi-colored climbers. Flame, pink and buff. A rampant climber.

Cl. Peace (Pat. 932). A sport of the bush rose Peace with all its vigor and beauty and lots more of those magnificent big blooms. \$2.25 each.

TREE ROSES

\$5.00 each, except Chrysler Imperial.

Tree roses or "standard" roses are much in demand for accent planting and for those who prefer their roses up high where they can be seen without bending over. They are the regular roses budded on straight clean stems of another variety. Some pruning helps to keep them in a vigorous flowering condition. Keep all suckers cut off at the base of the cane and once a year thin out and shorten the head.

Bravo (Pat. 983). A big, bold, unfading red rose.

Charlotte Armstrong (Pat. 455). Famous rose-red of beautiful form.

Chrysler Imperial (P.A.F.). Vivid rich crimson. \$6.00 each.

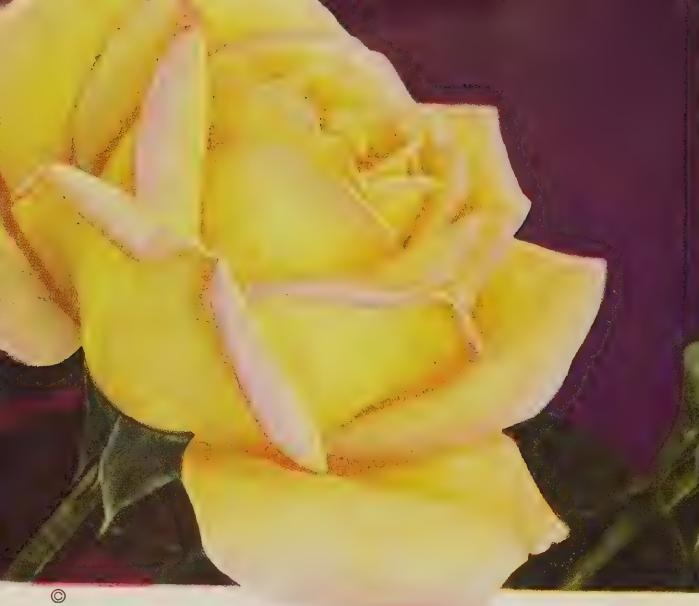
Fred Howard (Pat. 1006). Yellow edged peach.

Helen Traubel (Pat. 1028). Warm pink.

Peace (Pat. 591). Yellow, cream and pink.

Sutter's Gold (Pat. 885). Deep yellow-toned red.

Modern
ROSES
for
1953 Gardens



© PEACE (Pat. 591)



TAFFETA
(Pat. 716)



NOCTURNE
(Pat. 713)



MME.
HENRI GUILLOT
(Pat. 327)



SUTTER'S GOLD (Pat. 885)



HEART'S DESIRE
(Pat. 501)

RAUBEL (Pat. 1028)



SATURNIA (Pat. 349)



CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG (Pat. 455)



GOLDILOCKS (Pat. 672)

FLORIBUNDA AND POLYANTHA ROSES



FASHION (Pat. 789)



GOLDILOCKS (Pat. 672)

Polyantha and Floribunda roses are cluster-flowered roses of bushy habit, blooming profusely over a long season. They are becoming more popular every year and are invaluable for mass display of color.

In general, the Polyantha roses are lower growing than the Floribundas. The latter, besides being taller, usually show more of the characteristics of the hybrid tea in the shape of the bloom and often in the foliage.

We recommend them all highly. Use them on banks, edgings, along driveways and walks, in front of the taller roses wherever a mass of color is desired.

Betty Prior (Pat. 340). Great clusters of single pink blooms, deeper color on the reverse, deck the 6-ft. high plants throughout the season. \$1.50 each.

Cecile Brunner. Most popular and best known of the baby roses. Small pink buds open to produce double flowers. Bright pink with a touch of yellow at the base of petals. Continuous bloomer. \$1.25 each.

Donald Prior (Pat. 377). Semi-double blooms of rich deep red on 3-foot plants all through the season. \$1.50 each.

Fashion (Pat. 789). A lovely new floribunda with miniature roses like those of hybrid tea roses. A new color—rich salmon-orange borne in clusters. Plant of medium height—flowers very attractive. \$2.00 each.

Goldilocks (Pat. 672). Masses of golden yellow flowers all through the summer and fall. Best yellow. \$1.50 each.

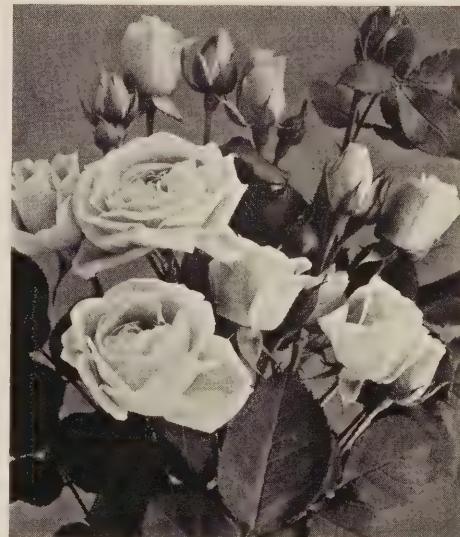
Ma Perkins (P.A.F.). All-America 1952. One of the most fragrant floribundas ever created. A lovely free blooming rose of sparkling coral-shell pink, accented by a dash of gold. Beautiful dark glossy foliage. 2½ to 3 ft. Each \$2.35; 3 or more \$2.00 each.

Pinocchio (Pat. 484). One of the most popular baby roses of recent introduction. Makes a bush seldom over two feet in height and clusters of dainty little flowers—salmon-orange flushed with gold. \$1.50 each.

Red Pinocchio (Pat. 812). This new brother of the long-favorite Pinocchio is of rich carmine which deepens and reveals a velvety overcast as the bud opens. The full-blown flower clusters are a rich scarlet. \$1.50 each.

Red Ripples. Large clusters of vivid scarlet wavy-petaled blooms are carried on 5-foot canes for months on end. \$1.25 each.

Vogue (Pat. 926). A sister seedling to Fashion, with most of its good qualities but a unique brilliant cherry coral. Rich, spicy fragrance all through the season. \$2.25 each.



PINOCCHIO (Pat. 484)

HEDGE PLANTS for Attractive Living Fences



BOXWOOD (*Buxus japonica*)

PRIVET

California Privet. A strong growing plant with medium sized dark green foliage. Excellent hedge plant. Bare root plants, \$3.50 per 10; \$25.00 per 100.

English Privet. An old standby for hedges. Dense twiggy growth and somewhat smaller leaves than the California Privet. Bare root plants, 18 to 24 in., \$3.50 per 10; \$25.00 per 100.

BOXWOOD

Truetree Boxwood. Grows to 4 feet. Small dark green leaves. 9 to 12 in., bare root, 75c each.

Truedwarf Boxwood. Low growing box suitable for low hedges and edgings. Bare root plants, 5 to 6 in. heavy, 60c each.

ENGLISH LAUREL

English Laurel. Evergreen hedge plant with large glossy green leaves. Robust grower. 12 to 15 in., bare root, 75c each in lots of 10 or more.

Plant VINES for Shade, Screening and Bloom

VINES

2-year, No. 1 plants \$1.50 each, except as otherwise noted.

Boston Ivy. Small leaves set close together changing to rich crimson in fall. Makes an excellent cover for masonry walls.

VIRGINIA CREEPER

Ampelopsis quinquefolia. **Virginia Creeper.** Large five fingered leaves turning intensely scarlet in fall. Rapid climber, clinging to walls.

BITTERSWEET

Celastrus scandens. **Bittersweet.** A vigorous twining vine with showy orange-yellow fruits which make excellent material for floral arrangements.

CLEMATIS

Clematis are woody deciduous climbers prized for their lovely wide open blooms. Their colors span many shades from light blue to deep maroon.

Clematis jackmanni. Purple. Attaining the height of 10 feet, it is a rapid climber and blossoms freely.

Clematis Henryi. Creamy white. The large white flowers and intense green foliage present a striking appearance. Blooms in late July or early August.

Clematis Mme. Edouard Andre. Red. Grows to a height of 8 feet. It is a free and persistent producer of crimson flowers from July to September.

Clematis Ramona. Light blue. Grows from 8 to 10 feet. The blossoms appear in July and last for several weeks. Its clear sky blue flowers give it a charm all of its own.

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE

Aristolochia siphon. **Dutchman's Pipe.** A twining deciduous vine with handsome large heart-shaped leaves. This robust vine will produce the densest kind of shade. The curious yellow-green blooms provide added interest.

HONEYSUCKLE

Lonicera Halliana. **Hall's Honeysuckle.** An old favorite. Vigorous vine useful for its evergreen foliage and soil binding roots as a ground cover or on fences. Fragrant white flowers, fading to yellow.

Lonicera heckrottii, **Goldflame.** Large clusters of brilliant pink and yellow fragrant flowers from spring until fall. Can be sheared into hedge form or grown as a vine or naturally shaped shrub.

SILVER LACE VINE

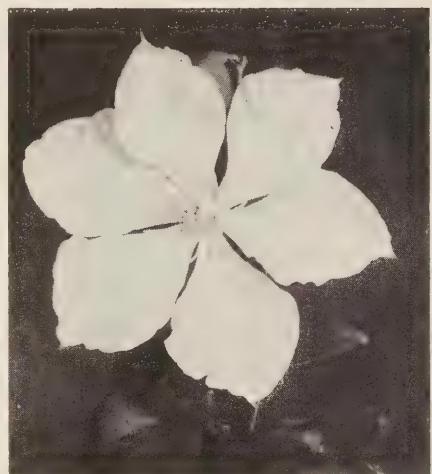
Polygonum auberti. A rapid growing deciduous vine. Supplies panicles of fragrant flowers in late summer. Will cover a large area in a short time. Sun or part shade.

WISTERIA

Deciduous vine well known in all parts of the country for the long hanging clusters of pea shaped flowers of delicate coloring and exquisite fragrance. Makes a delicate tracery of stems on arbors and in spring, before the leaves appear, a sudden burst of color. Available in Purple, White and Pink. \$2.50.



SILVER LACE VINE

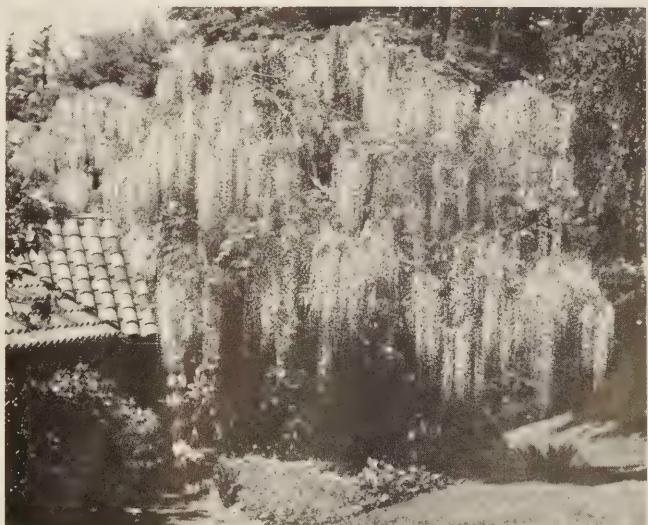


CLEMATIS RAMONA



GOLDFLAME
HONEYSUCKLE
←

WISTERIA
→



Plant
Spring
into your back yard
with

FLOWERING TREES



LABURNUM VOSSI (Golden Chain Tree)



PAUL'S SCARLET HAWTHORN

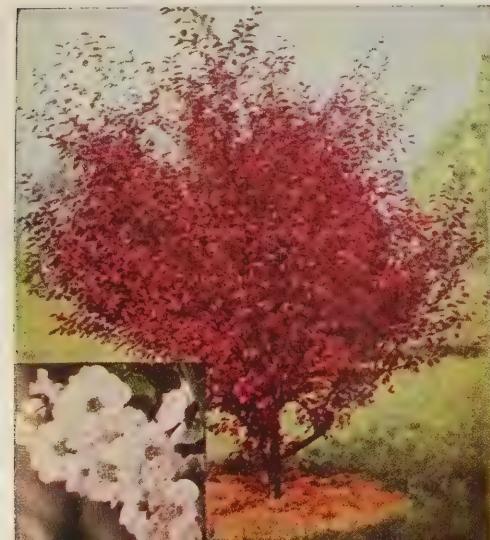
TULIP TREE (*Liriodendron*)



BECHTEL'S
FLOWERING
CRAB



PRUNUS BLIREIANA (Purple-leaf Plum)



MAGNOLIA (below)
See us for varieties
and prices.



FLOWERING TREES

Prices are for bare rooted plants.

For sheer unstinted beauty no class of plants excels the flowering trees. They thrive to perfection in our climate and each spring bring their full measure of glory to our gardens.

FLOWERING CRABS

Bechtel's Crab. Makes a small round headed tree up to 15 feet high bearing large, fragrant, pale pink or white double flowers. Pleasing light green foliage. 3 to 4 ft. \$3.00.

Carmine Crab (Malus atrosanguinea). Makes a breathtaking splash of color in the spring with its masses of brilliant carmine single blooms 5 to 6 ft., branched, \$3.50.

Hopa Crab. Rosy red flowers. Red fruits in fall. 5 to 6 ft., branched, \$3.50.

Eleyii Crab. A red foliated crab with deep rose flowers and dark red fruit. 5 to 6 ft. \$3.50.

Floribunda Crab. Small round headed tree. The gracefully arching branches are densely wreathed with masses of pink buds and white flowers in spring. 5 to 6 ft., branched, \$3.50.

DOGWOOD

Florida. The famed white Dogwood of the eastern woodlands. Small much branched tree with myriads of clear white blooms in spring. Flowers last a long time. 3 to 4 ft., balled, \$5.00.

Florida rubra. The pink flowering form of the above. A really spectacular tree that never fails to draw admiring comments. 2 to 3 ft., balled, \$6.00; 3 to 4 ft., balled, \$8.00.

GOLDEN CHAIN TREE

Laburnum vossi. An exceptionally showy tree when in bloom in the spring. Long racemes of golden yellow pea-shaped blossoms are suspended from branches covered with clover-like foliage. 5 to 6 ft. \$3.50.



FLOWERING CRABAPPLE

HAWTHORN

Carrier's Hawthorn. A pyramidal tree with deep green glossy foliage. The flat heads of white blooms are followed in the fall by clusters of large red berries. Excellent tree for street or yard planting. 5 to 6 ft., branched, \$3.50.

Paul's Scarlet Hawthorn. Masses of double carmine red flowers in spring. Red berries in fall. 5 to 6 ft. \$3.50; 6 to 8 ft. \$5.00.



PINK FLOWERING DOGWOOD



FLOWERING CHERRY KWANZAN

FLOWERING PLUM

Prunus blireiana. Brilliant red foliage which turns green later in the season. Masses of double soft pink flowers line the stem in spring. A very popular tree which supplies its full share of color to the spring landscape. 5 to 6 ft. \$2.75.

TULIP TREE

Liriodendron tulipifera. A tall growing symmetrical tree. The cup shaped blooms are pale chartreuse. 5 to 6 ft. \$4.50.

NOTE: Not to be confused with Magnolia which is also sometimes called Tulip Tree.

FLOWERING CHERRY

The extremely beautiful flowering cherries thrive in our climate and no gardener should pass up the chance to have one or more of these lovely trees in his yard.

4 to 5 ft., \$4.00 each, except as noted.

Mt. Fuji. Large double snow white flowers in pendant clusters. Rather sprawling habit. A breathtaking sight when in full bloom.

Kwanzan. The large double pink flowers literally wreath the branches. One of the most spectacular cherries we have. Of rather upright growth.

Autumnalis. A small tree with somewhat pendulous branches. Blooms sometimes in the fall, sometimes in the spring, occasionally at both seasons. Whenever it blooms the airy masses of light pink flowers are charming.

WEEPING FLOWERING CHERRY

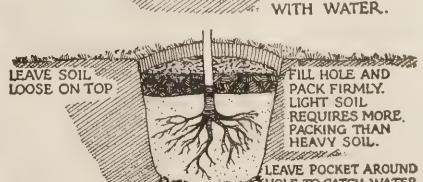
These well known trees carry their bright pink blooms on pendulous branches that reach to the ground. A very popular yard tree.

Double Weeping. No. 1 heads on 5½ foot stems. \$6.00.

Single Weeping. No. 1 heads on 5½ foot stems. \$6.00.

How to Plant a Tree

SET TREE IN TUB OF WATER WHILE DIGGING HOLE.



LEAVE SOIL LOOSE ON TOP
FILL HOLE AND PACK FIRMLY. LIGHT SOIL REQUIRES MORE PACKING THAN HEAVY SOIL.
LEAVE POCKET AROUND HOLE TO CATCH WATER.

IMPORTANT: WE DO NOT ENCOURAGE THE USE OF MANURE. IF WELL DECAYED AND MIXED WITH SOIL IT SHOULD BE USED ONLY ON THE TOP.

SHADE TREES

BIRCH

A group or row or even a single specimen of Birch adds a graceful and pleasing note to any landscape. The foliage is a pleasing green in summer, golden in the fall. In the winter the tracery of the graceful branches and the black-etched white bark form a very pleasing picture.

European White Birch. Most everyone knows the White Birch with its beautiful white bark and black markings. Makes rapid growth; light green foliage. Very attractive. 6 to 8 ft. \$3.50.

Cutleaf Weeping Birch. Branches weeping and leaves deeply cut. Otherwise like the European White Birch. Makes a lovely lawn specimen, especially when planted in groups. 5 to 6 ft. \$3.50.

BOX ELDER

Silver Variegated. A slow growing broad headed tree with pale yellow foliage splashed with green. A striking tree well adapted to planting as a lawn specimen.

CHINESE ELM

Ulmus pumila. Very hardy rapid growing tree making a round head of light green small leaves which hang on until late in fall. Popular shade tree. Will grow under adverse conditions. 6 to 8 ft. \$2.50.

SWEET GUM

Liquidambar styraciflua. Slow growing tree useful in parkway plantings or as lawn specimens. Clean neat growth. Glorious in the fall when arrayed in its autumnal orange, gold and red. 3 to 4 ft., balled, \$3.50.

MAPLES

Norway Maple. The hardy nature of this tree as well as its beautiful deep green foliage and well shaped head make it an outstanding shade or street tree. 6 to 8 ft., branched, \$4.00.

Silver Maple. Very rapid growing large shade tree. The under side of the leaves are a silvery white, hence the name Silver Maple. Turns golden yellow in the fall. 6 to 8 ft. \$3.00.

Norway Maple, Crimson King (Plant Pat. 735). A striking form of Norway Maple with the leaves a crimson color throughout the summer months. The stock of this much talked of tree is very small so we suggest ordering early. 5 to 6 ft. \$5.00; 6 to 7 ft. \$6.00.

POPLAR

Lombardy Poplar. Forms a tall slender column. Excellent as an accent tree. Requires little room to grow. Frequently used as a windbreak or street tree. 6 to 8 ft. \$2.00.

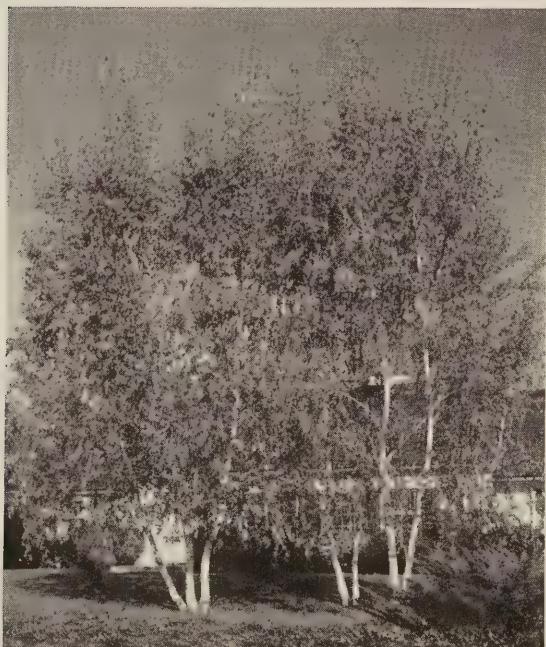
WEEPING WILLOW

Green Weeping Willow. Grows to 30 feet with long drooping branches. The leaves are finely toothed and grayish-green beneath. 6 to 8 ft. \$3.00.

Golden Weeping Willow. Golden bark, graceful weeping habit. 6 to 8 ft. \$3.25.



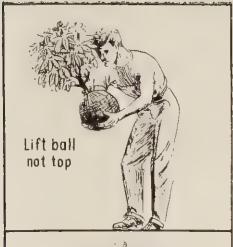
SILVER MAPLE



EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH



WEEPING WILLOW

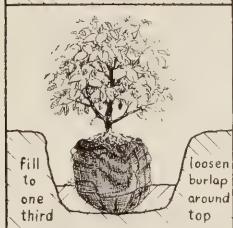


HOW TO PLANT BALLED TREES AND SHRUBS

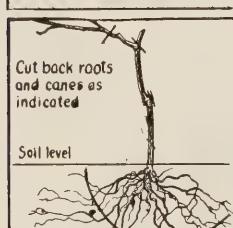
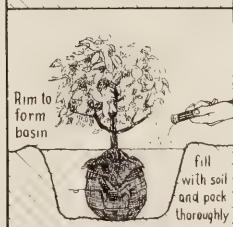
Balled plants should be handled by lifting the ball and not the top.



Dig a hole large enough to hold ball and permit firming the earth around it. Place plant with top of ball even with the surface of the ground. Do not remove burlap. Fill in about $\frac{1}{3}$ with soil, then cut top string and fold back corners of burlap. Fill the hole with water and, when soaked in, throw in the remainder of the soil. Firm the soil well, leave a shallow basin and fill again with water. Water again to assure thorough soaking of the ball. Do not rely on sprinklers or spraying system to do this until plant is well established.



Never place fertilizer of any kind in the hole when planting. Small quantities of fertilizer may be applied when plants are thoroughly established and growing.



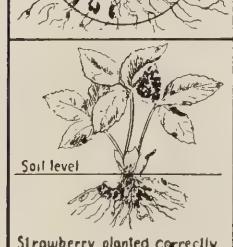
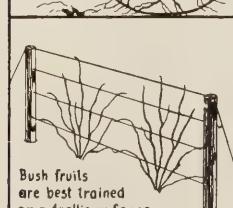
CARE AND PLANTING OF CANE BERRIES AND SMALL FRUITS

CARE AND PLANTING OF GRAPE VINES

Plant grape vines in full sun 8 feet or more apart.

Dig a hole no less than 1 foot wide and 2 feet deep. Before planting the vine cut back basal roots to 5 inches and remove all others. Cut back top to 2 or 3 eyes.

Plant vine deep enough to leave the bottom eye just above the surface of the ground, and loose top soil placed around the roots. Fill in hole and water immediately.



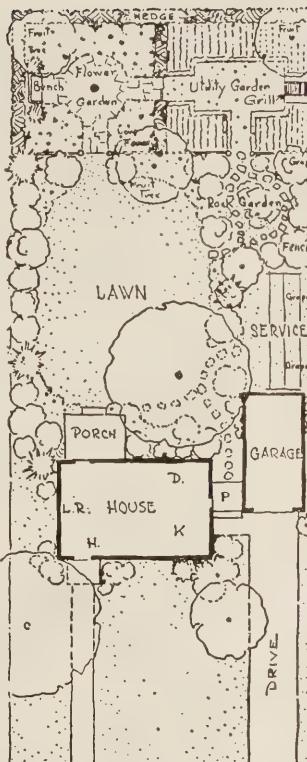
CARE AND PLANTING OF STRAWBERRIES

Set crown at surface of deeply spaded soil. Leave soil loose; remove all young leaves, leaving 2 or 3 of the older ones. Cut back roots. Water well.

CARE AND PLANTING OF BUSH FRUITS

Currants and Gooseberries

Set 2 or 3 inches deeper than in nursery. Cut off $\frac{1}{2}$ the tops, plant 4

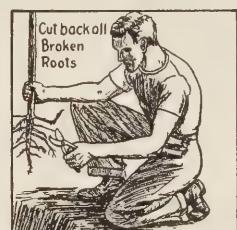


A PLAN FOR AN AVERAGE CITY LOT

The mild climate of the Pacific Northwest provides ideal growing conditions for a wide variety of ornamental plants and the opportunity for making gardens that are attractive the year around. Plan your garden for the maximum use during all seasons of the year.

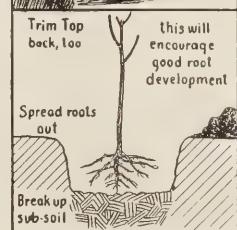
The illustration on this page, of a typical city lot, shows how readily you can plan for privacy, beauty of form and design, and utility with a minimum of maintenance.

Lawn and gardens are combined to assure an uncrowded effect when viewed from the house, yet the plan provides for all the flowers, trees and plants one likes. An "outdoor living room" can be a positive influence for a better family life. Consult us for details on plant material.



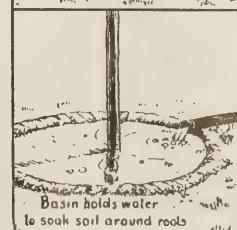
Raspberries and Blackberries

Plant in good soil 3 or 4 feet apart, in rows 6 feet apart. Set Black Raspberries so bud is covered just 1 inch. Firm soil. Red Raspberries, plant 1 to 2 inches deeper than they were in nursery. Cut back all raspberries as soon as planted to 6 inches above ground. After fruiting cut out all odd canes and burn, leaving 4 or 5 strong new canes.



Bare-Root FRUIT TREES

Plant in sunny well drained soil. Break up subsoil and thoroughly pulverize top soil. Use no fertilizer at planting time. Prune and plant as shown in illustrations at right. Settle the dirt by slowly running water into basin. Follow by another heavy watering in two days after planting.



CONIFERS for Rich and Varied Foliage Effects

All prices are balled plants.

The conifers listed here are all evergreen and all have either needle-like or scale-like leaves, and most all have cones for fruit, except Junipers and Yews, which bear berries. All forms and shapes are available from low spreading Junipers, formal little Arborvitae, through medium sized shrubs to very large trees. They are a hardy lot, thriving practically everywhere.

ARBORVITAE

Berckman's Golden Arborvitae. Popular dwarf golden variety. Tips of the branches bright golden yellow throughout most of the year. 12 to 15 in. \$3.25.

Pyramidal arborvitae. Fragrant foliage arranged on fan shaped branches. Makes an impressive tall column. Especially effective when planted in rows. 30 to 36 in. \$4.50.

CYPRESS

Elwoodi Cypress. Slow and dense growing, this is one of the finest evergreen shrubs available. It is always neat in appearance and the plump soft evergreen foliage is attractive the year around. 15 to 18 in. \$3.50.

Stewart's or Golden Cypress. A dense symmetrical, pyramidal tree that keeps its golden color well in all seasons. Covered with lustrous rich foliage right down to the ground. 24 to 30 in. \$5.00.

Birdsnest Cypress. The low spreading habit gives this unusual Cypress its very apt name. Very charming in appearance. 12 to 15 in. \$3.50.

Hinoki Cypress. *Cupressus obtusa.* A rather slow growing conifer with distinctively articulated branching which is especially attractive. Lustrous rich green foliage. An exceptionally decorative conifer. 24 to 30 in. \$5.00.

Wissel's Cypress. Upright grower with unusual twisted blue-green foliage. A very popular and useful conifer. 24 to 30 in. \$5.00.

Threadleaf Cypress. Pendulous thread-like branches give this conifer its name and highly individual character. Makes a well filled plant that never lacks interest. 12 to 15 in. \$3.00.

Golden Threadleaf Cypress. Very similar to the above but has bright golden foliage. 12 to 15 in. \$3.50.

JUNIPER

Pfitzer's Juniper. Bushy wide spreading shrub with horizontal branches. Will reach a height of 4 or 5 feet with a 6 or 7 foot spread. Fine rich green foliage. 12 to 15 in. \$2.75.

Tamarix Juniper. Spreads close to the ground where it makes a low mat of silvery blue green foliage. Refined shrub for foundation planting, banks or ground cover. 12 to 15 in. \$3.00.

Savin's Juniper. A dwarf, spreading, vase-shaped shrub with dark green trailing branches. Forms a medium sized plant. 12 to 15 in. \$2.75.

Hill's Dundee Juniper. An upright Juniper with attractive grayish-green color in the spring and summer months. In the winter the foliage takes on an interesting plum color. Takes shearing readily and may easily be maintained at the desired size for many years. 24 to 30 in. \$5.00.

SPRUCE

Colorado Blue. Ample foliage of rich blue-green coloring. Plant very symmetrical. Lovely as a lawn specimen. 18 to 24 in. \$6.75.

Colorado Green. Similar to above but with rich green foliage. 18 to 24 in. \$4.00.

Norway Spruce. One of the best types for living Christmas tree. Growth very symmetrical, opening enough to decorate with lights. Dark rich foliage. Moderate growth. 18 to 24 in. \$3.75.

YEW

English Upright. The famous Yew of England. Dark green foliage. Upright growth. 24 to 30 in. \$5.50.

English Spreading. Of more spreading growth than the preceding. 18 to 24 in. \$5.00.

Green Irish Yew. Narrow columns of deepest green foliage. Slow upright growth. An excellent plant for accents. 18 to 24 in. \$5.00.

Golden Irish Yew. The bright golden foliage of this columnar shrub is very striking. Especially effective against a dark background. 18 to 24 in. \$5.00.





AZALEAS USED EFFECTIVELY ALONG A WALK

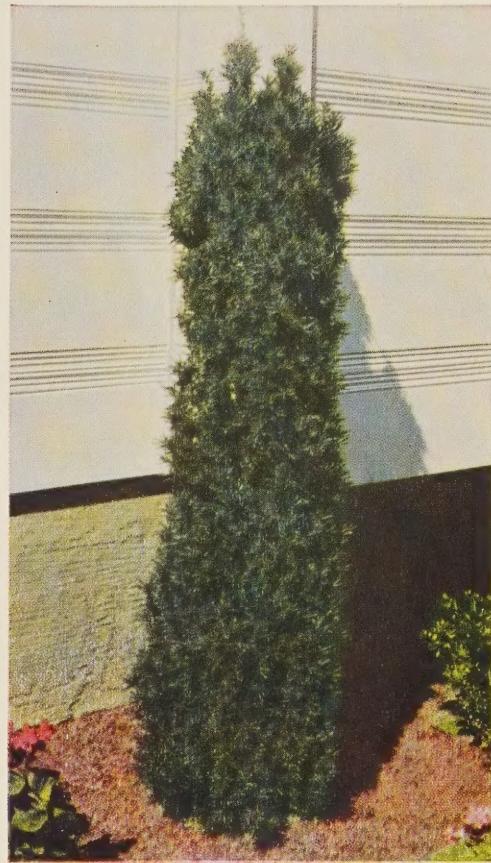
Vines for Decoration



CLEMATIS



HONEYSUCKLE
GOLDFLAME

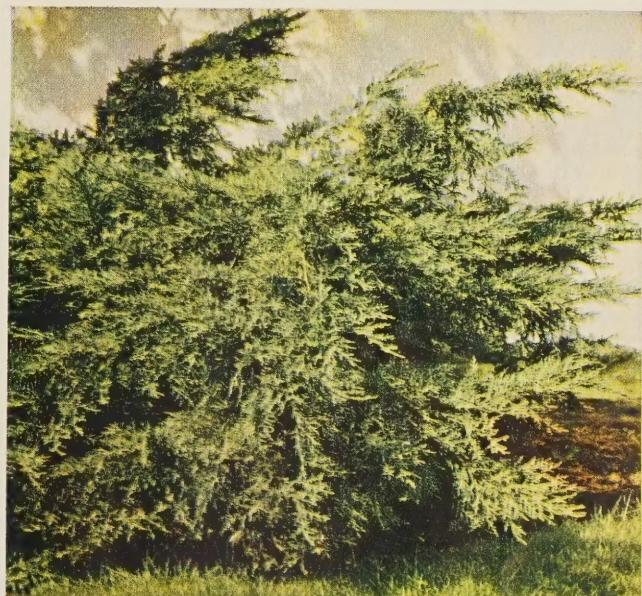


TAXUS BACCATA FASTIGIATA (Irish Yew)

Conifers for Accent

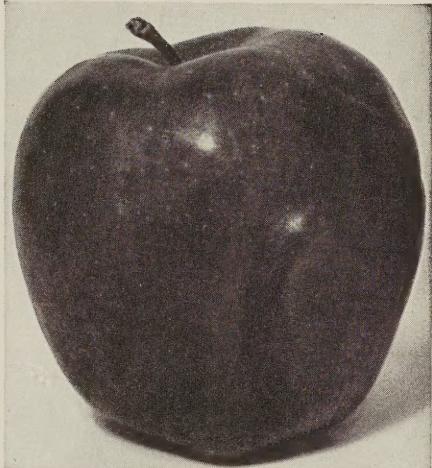


ENGLISH YEW



PFITZER JUNIPER

FRUIT TREES for Your Home Orchard



APPLE, RED DELICIOUS

A selection of fruit trees will add a great deal to the pleasure and utility of the home garden. Besides the undoubted advantage of having your own fresh fruit, picked at just the right time for peak flavor, your fruit trees will provide shade throughout the summer months and in the spring the fragrance and beauty of the blossoms come as an extra dividend.

FRUIT TREE PRICES:

2-year-old standard fruit trees \$2.50 each.

APPLES

Summer Varieties

Gravenstein. Red striped crisp, juicy apple highly prized for pies and as an eating apple. August and September.

Yellow Transparent. A pale yellow apple with mild tender flesh. The standard early apple. July.

Fall Variety

King. Large yellowish green fruits striped with red. A favorite for baking and eating uncooked.

Winter Varieties

Jonathan. Medium to large, almost round, brilliant red striped with carmine. Crisp white juicy flesh.

Northern Spy. Large greenish yellow fruits with red stripes. A favorite for cooking and eating. Keeps well.

Red Delicious. Strong red waxy skin; delicious flavor, large crisp and juicy. One of the finest red apples.

Red Rome Beauty. Large round long stemmed fruits of beautiful red coloring. Flavor and quality far above average. Excellent keeper.

Yellow Delicious. Large, golden yellow, crisp, firm and delicious. A fine apple for all purposes. Yellow Delicious is a good pollenizer and makes a good addition to any home apple planting.

CRAB APPLE

Dolgo. A handsome red Crab Apple of medium size. The fruit jellies easily and makes rich ruby red jelly. A perfectly satisfactory fruit tree that is decidedly ornamental.

PEARS

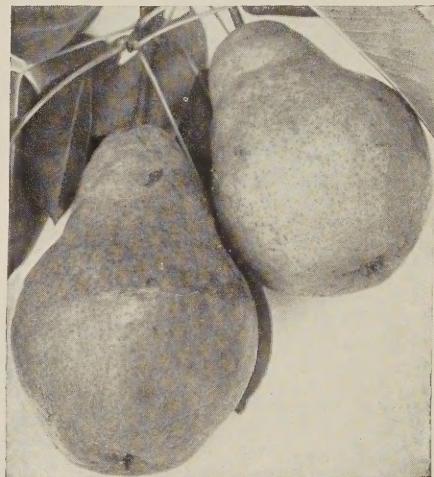
Summer Pears

Bartlett. Large smooth waxy yellow fruit with white sweet flesh. The most popular pear. For the most fruit plant with an Anjou pear for a pollenizer.

Winter Pears

Anjou (Buerre d'Anjou). Fine large fruits with sprightly flavor and melting buttery flesh.

Comice (Doyenne du Comice). A famed dessert pear noted for its white, sweet, fine grained, tender flesh. The fruits are attractive, being rich yellow with a touch of crimson at maturity.



BARTLETT PEARS

PEACHES

Improved Early Elberta. The most used canning peach. The rich yellow fruits, heavily flushed pink, are borne in great abundance.

Red Haven. A new early yellow freestone peach of medium size. Attractive fruit with firm flesh.

Rochester. Sweet juicy flavorful fruits, rich orange and yellowish color. A home canning peach of high quality.

Veteran. Large round golden yellow fruits with good sweet flavor. Excellent for canning and freezing.

APRICOT

Perfection. Large, well flavored fruits. A heavy producer and the best all around Apricot.

PLUMS

Beauty. Large to medium sized bright red fruits. Flesh yellow tinged with red. An excellent early plum.

Peach Plum. An old favorite with large round early ripening fruits. Flavor rich and lively.

Satsuma. Large, nearly round dark red fruits, solid red color from skin to pit. Flesh firm and juicy.

Yellow Egg. Large long oval fruit of clear golden yellow. Skin thin; flesh golden yellow, juicy and firm.

PRUNES

Italian. Purple oval fruits with sweet juicy flesh of distinctive flavor. The favorite prune in our area.

DWARF FRUIT TREES

Senior Size, \$3.50 each.

Junior Size, \$2.50 each.

Dwarf fruit trees are ideally suited to the small property. They bear regular full sized fruit on trees much smaller than the standard fruit trees and come into bearing at a much earlier age.

We can supply dwarf fruit trees in most of the varieties listed on these pages but strongly recommend the dwarf apples and pears.



DWARF APPLE TREE

CHERRIES

Sweet Cherries

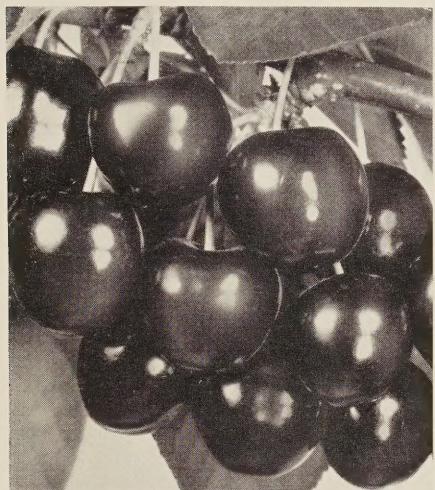
Bing. Large, delicious, dark red, with rich, firm, purplish flesh. Excellent for eating, canning and preserves.

Black Republican. Large purplish black fruits with a mild, pleasing flavor. Valuable as a pollinator.

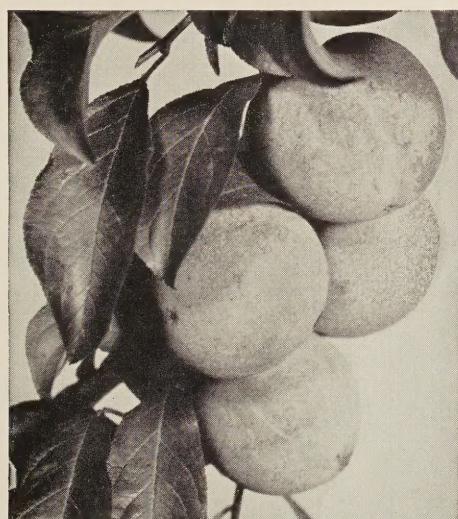
Royal Anne. Large sweet light yellow fruits with red cheek. Solid, richly flavored. Excellent for canning.

Sour or Pie Cherry

Montmorency. The leading pie Cherry. Produces a good crop of large, red, well flavored red fruits every year. Crops heavily and comes into bearing at an early age.



BING CHERRY



SATSUMA PLUM

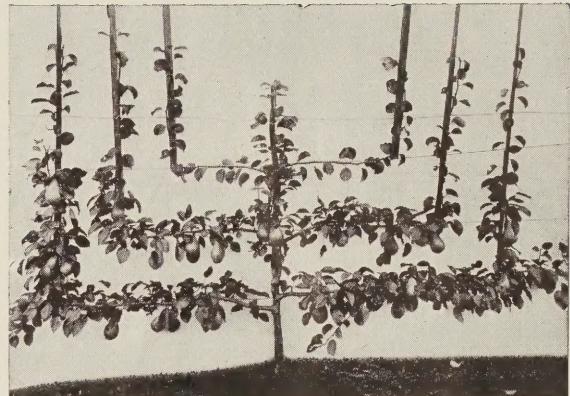
COMBINATION FRUIT TREES

Grafted with three or more varieties on one tree these are especially valuable for the small yard. These trees are a constant source of interest and make very desirable shade trees.

Well branched trees, \$5.50 each.

Our combination apples are grafted with 3 to 5 varieties, including summer, fall and winter varieties.

ESPALIER FRUIT TREES



ESPALIER PEAR TREE

Espalier fruit trees are valuable for their ornamental effect as well as being quite practical as fruit producers. May be planted against walls, or fences. Because of their shape they occupy very little space.

SMALL FRUITS AND NUTS

GRAPES

No. 1 plants, 75c each.

Agawam. A freely producing early grape with large bunches of tender juicy red berries.

Campbell's Early (Island Belle). Large clusters of black berries with a blue bloom. An extra good keeper and very popular with the home gardener.

Concord. A sweet richly flavored black grape. One of the most widely grown grapes in America. Fine for juice and jelly.

Frederick. Medium sized compact clusters of sweet juicy black berries. Ripens about two weeks ahead of Concord.

Worden. Very much like the Concord but ripens earlier, has larger berries, and a better flavor.

Portland. A productive early green grape with tender juicy sweet berries. The leading early green grape for this section.

BLUEBERRIES

Now one of the most popular small fruits in this region. Delight in acid soil and abundant moisture. Plant about 4 feet apart and to insure pollination plant at least two varieties.

9 to 13 inches, \$1.50 each;

12 to 18 inches, \$2.25 each.

Rancocas. Early, strong growing variety with large berries.

Rubel. Well flavored medium sized berries produced abundantly in midseason.

Jersey. The best late variety. Plentiful producer of large well flavored berries.

RASPBERRIES

35c each; 10 for \$3.00.

New Washington. Heavy producer of firm bright berries.

Indian Summer (Everbearing). Enjoy raspberries in spring and fall.

Cumberland (Black Raspberry). Large purple black berries in June.

BOYSENBERRY

Huge black berries of pleasing flavor. Bears heavily over a long season, even while plants are young. 40c each; 10 for \$3.50.

NECTARBERRY

Similar to the Boysenberry but sweeter and deeper in color. Vigorous and productive. 50c each; 10 for \$4.50.

CASCADE BLACKBERRY

A cross of the Loganberry and the true wild Blackberry. Excellent for jellies, jams and pies. 50c each; 10 for \$4.50.

THORNLESS BOYSENBERRY

All the good features of the regular Boysenberry without the thorns. 50c each; 10 for \$4.50.

THORNLESS LOGANBERRY

A very productive Loganberry. Distinctive flavor. 50c each; 10 for \$4.50.

STRAWBERRIES

Marshall. High quality home canning and commercial variety. Fine for dessert, canning or freezing. 25 for \$1.50, 100 for \$4.00.

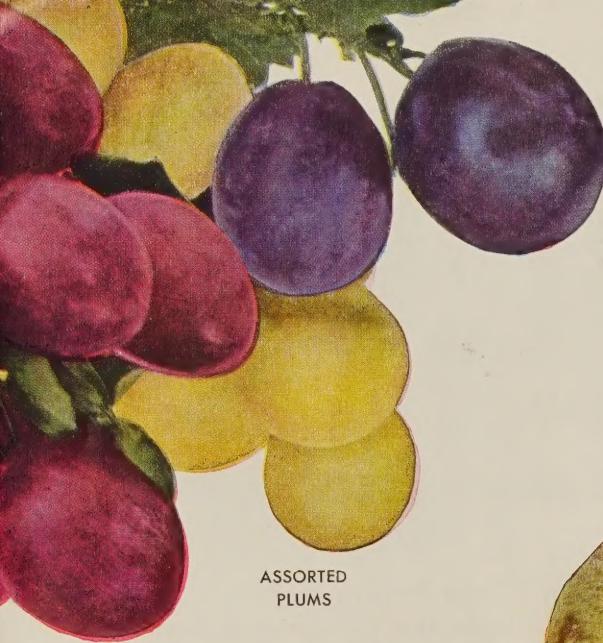
Rockhill (Everbearing). Bears young and over a long season. Very productive of its sweet rich red berries. Doesn't make runners. 25 for \$3.00; 100 for \$10.00.

FILBERTS

3 to 4 ft, \$2.00 each

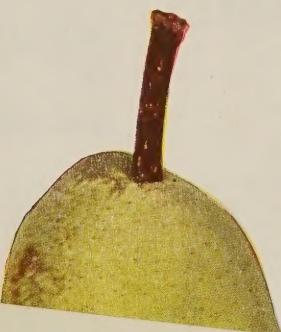
Barcelona. A large round nut that drops freely from its husk. The richly flavored kernels are uniform in size. Plant with Du Chilly to insure pollination.

Du Chilly. A large long nut used much as a pollinator. Nuts of excellent flavor and highest quality.



ASSORTED
PLUMS

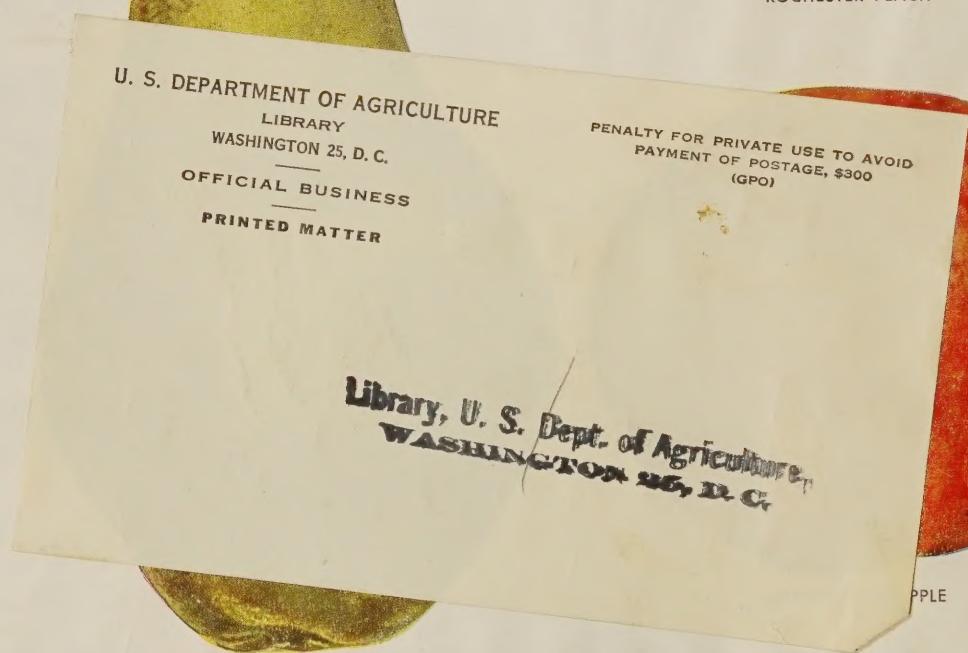
Grow
your own
Fruit



ROCHESTER PEACH



THORNLESS BOYSENBERRY



BARTLETT PEAR



NEW WASHINGTON RASPBERRY

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